

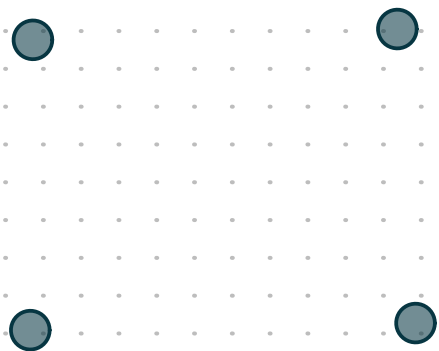
# Braids and the PL Sphere

Anand Deopurkar

Australian National University

Braid group  $\hookrightarrow$  Sphere

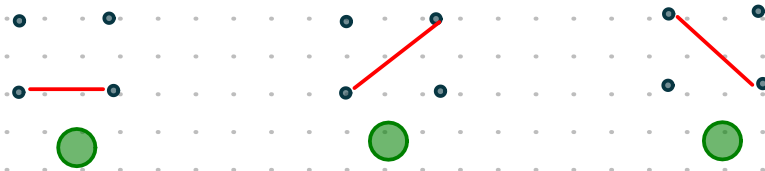
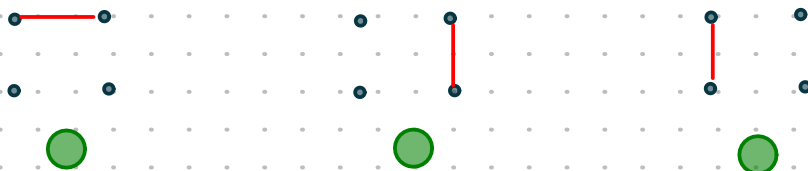
Fix  $n$ . For example  $n = 4$ .



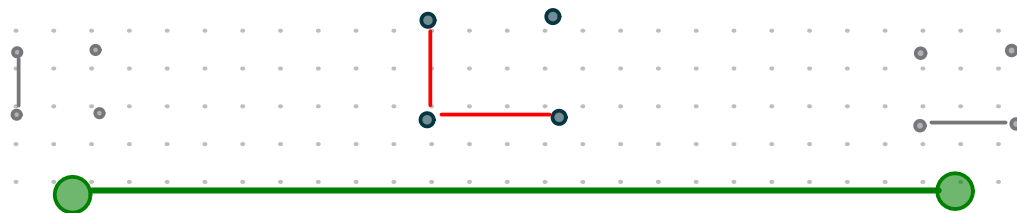
Simplicial  
Complex  $\triangle$

# Simplicial Complex $\Delta$

0-cells =



1-cells =



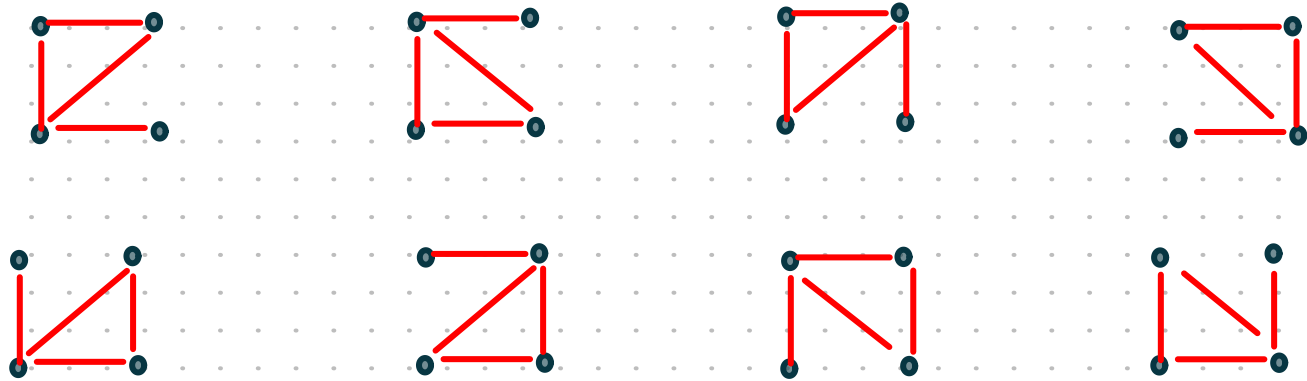


Theorem : For  $n$  points, the Simplicial Complex  $\Delta$  is homeomorphic to  $B_{2n-4}$ .

(Tamari, Stascheff, Milnor  
1950-60)

Let  $\Sigma = \partial\Delta$

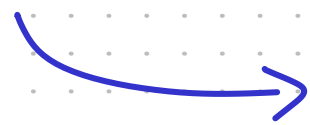
The top cells of  $\Delta$  are



(Triangulations - external edge)

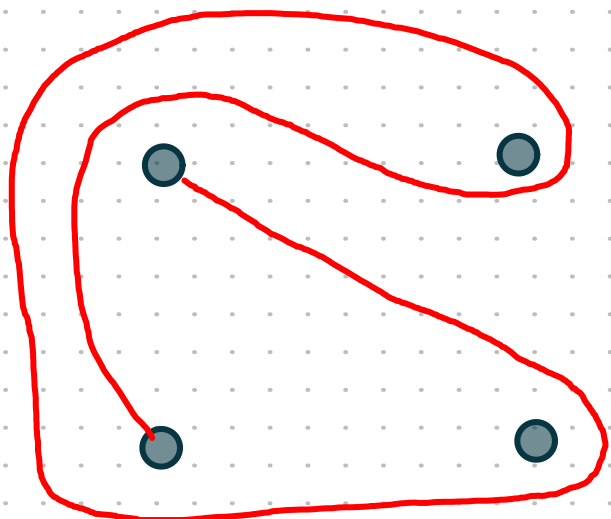
Braid group  $\hookrightarrow$  Sphere  $\Sigma$

# Arcs

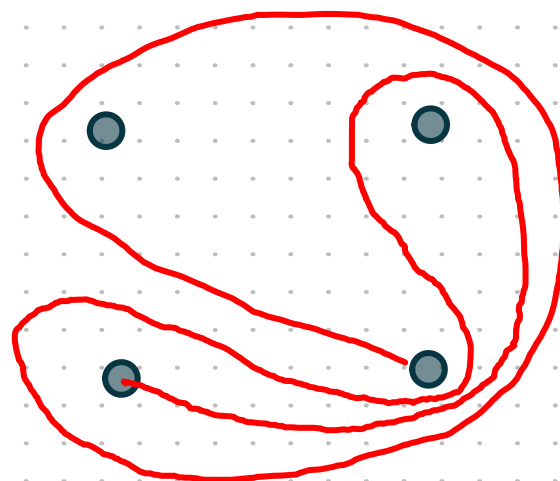


Simple curve connecting two of the  $n$ -points & otherwise staying away from them (up to isotopy)

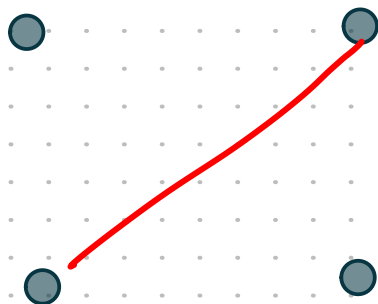
①



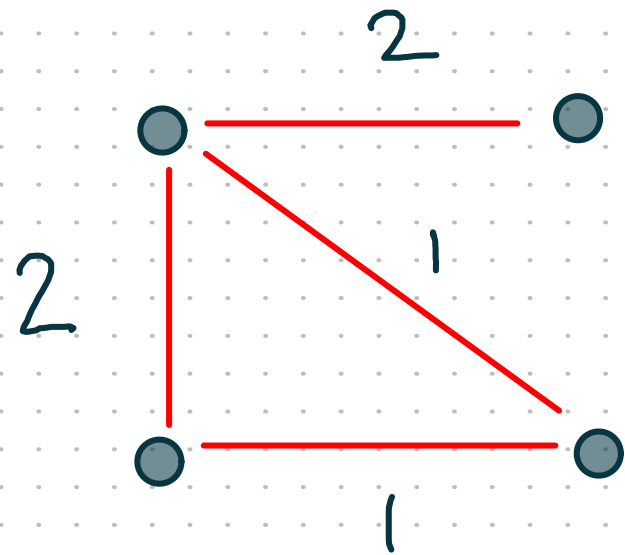
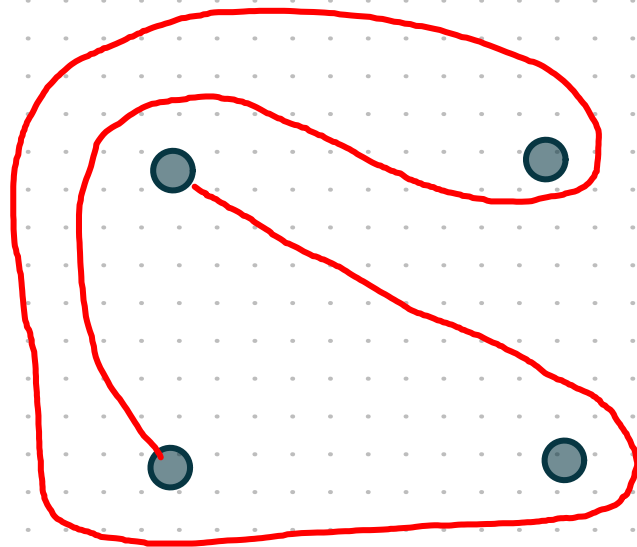
②



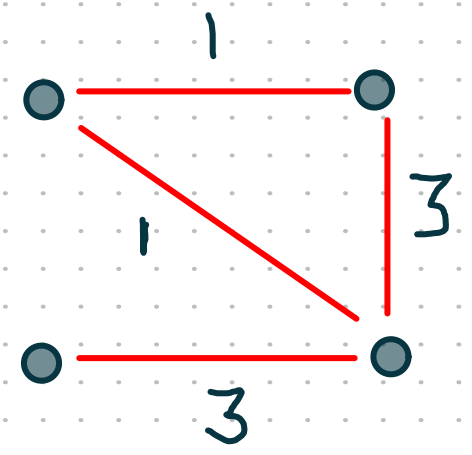
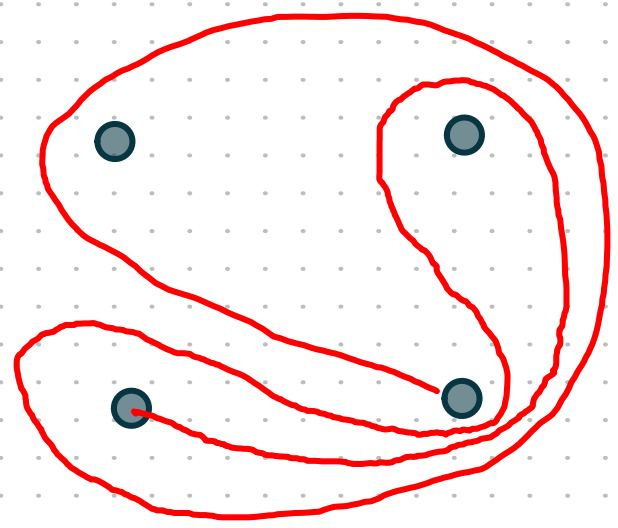
③



Arc  $\rightsquigarrow$  Point on  $\Sigma$



Arc  $\rightsquigarrow$  Point on  $\Sigma$



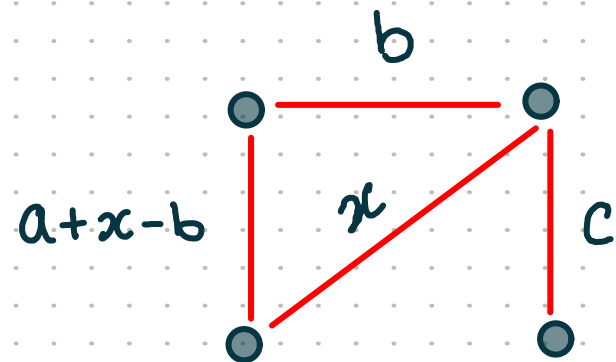
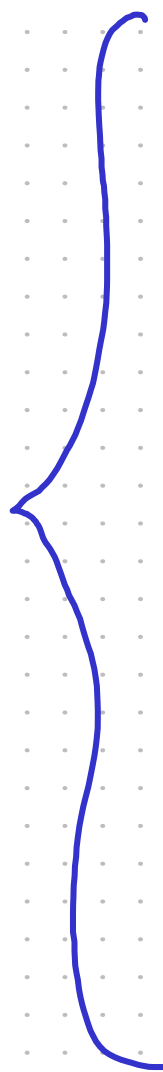
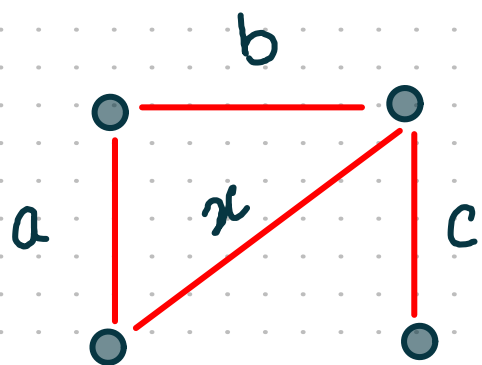
$$\begin{array}{ccc} \{Arcs\} & \longrightarrow & \Sigma \\ \curvearrowright & & \curvearrowright \\ Braids & & Braids \end{array}$$

Th

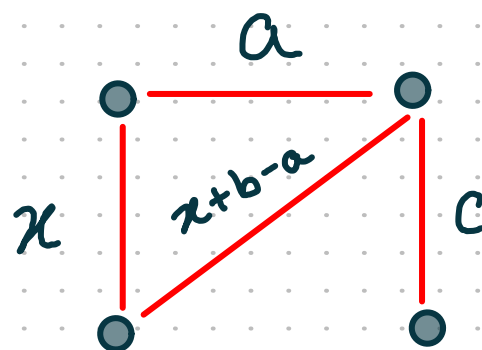
(Bapat, -, Licata)

1. The map above is injective & its image is dense.

2. The  $B_{n-1}$  action on  $\{Arcs\}$  by Dehn twists extends to an action on  $\Sigma$  by PL homeomorphisms



$a \geq b$



$b \geq a$

Braid group

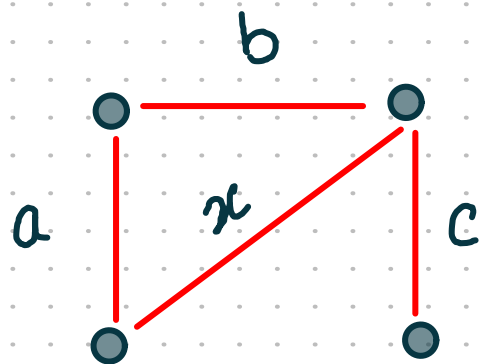


Sphere  $\Sigma$

# Dynamics

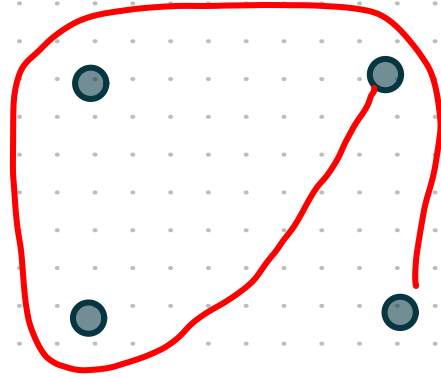
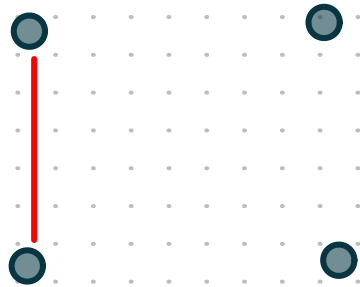
What happens when we iterate a braid?

Example :

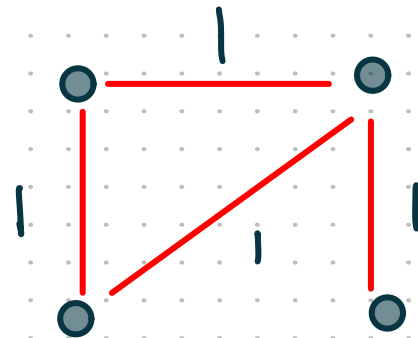
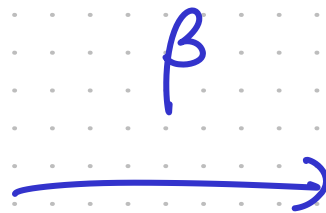
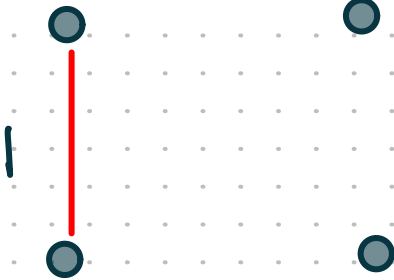


$$\beta = \sigma_a \sigma_x^{-1} \sigma_c \sigma_b$$

$$\beta = \sigma_a \sigma_x^{-1} \sigma_c \sigma_b$$



||



||

# Entropy of $\beta$

$$e(\beta, c) := \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\text{size } \beta^n c)^{1/n}$$

$$e(\beta) := \sup_c e(\beta, c)$$

Conjecture (algebraicity of entropy)

$e(\beta, c)$  and  $e(\beta)$  are algebraic.

Conjecture (algebraicity of entropy)

Question of

Dmitrov, Haiden, Katzarkov, Kontsevich

"Dynamical systems & categories"

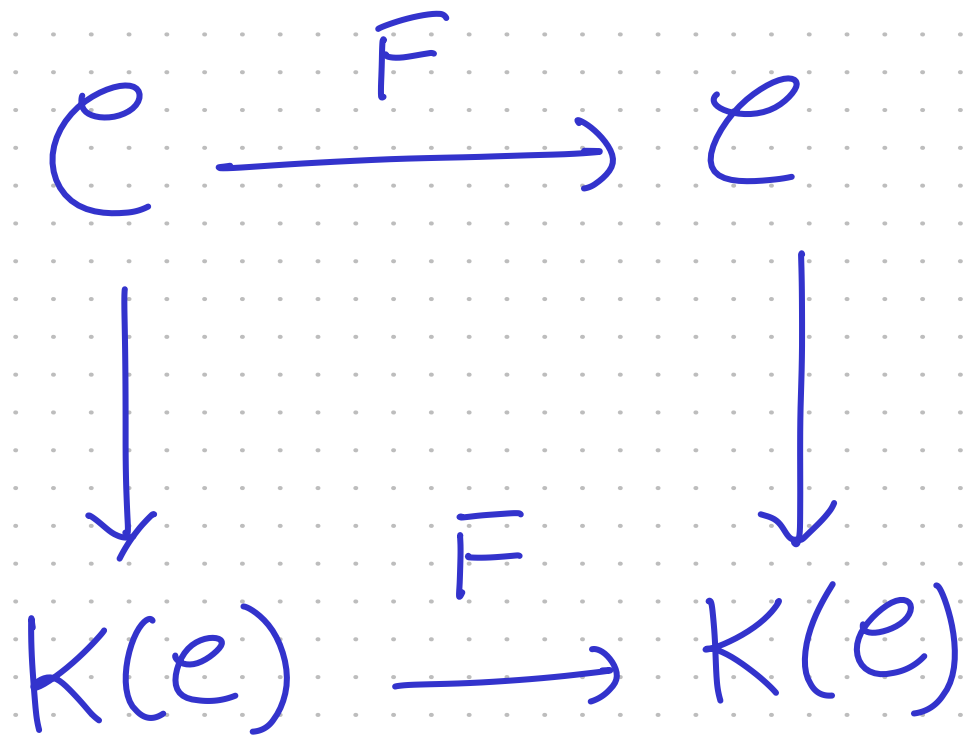
(2014)

# Dynamical systems & Categories

$$F : \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$$

Q: Is the dynamics of  $F$  like  
the dynamics of a linear map?

# Dynamics of $F: \mathcal{E} \rightarrow \mathcal{E}$



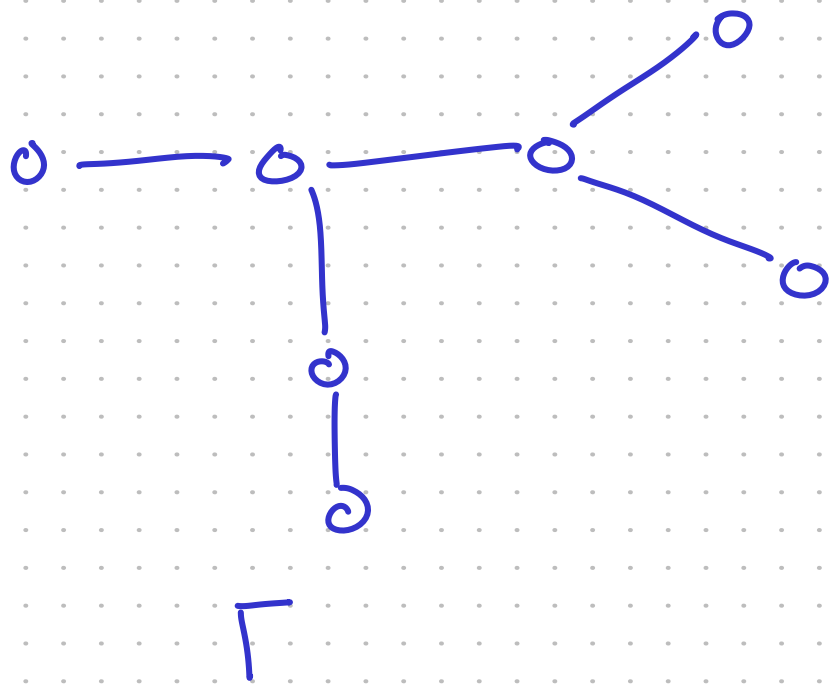
# Dynamical systems & Categories

$$F : \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$$

Q: Is the dynamics of  $F$  like  
the dynamics of a linear map?

Define 
$$e(F) = \sup_{c \in \mathcal{C}} \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} |F^n c|^{1/n}$$

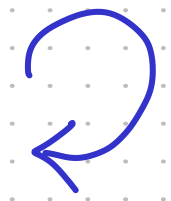
↳ algebraic? "largest eigenvalue"



Category

$\mathcal{C}_\Gamma$

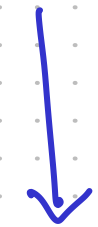
$\mathcal{C}_\Gamma$



$B_\Gamma$




$K(\mathcal{C}_\Gamma)$



$\omega_\Gamma$



For  $\Gamma =$  

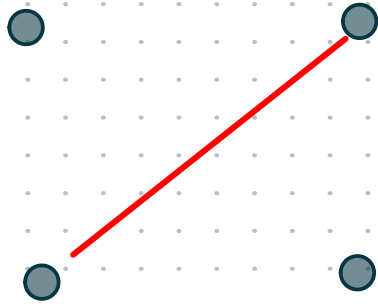
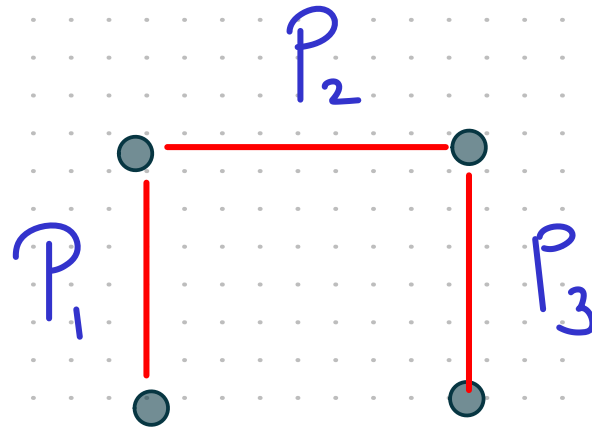
Arcs in  $n$ -punctured plane  $\rightsquigarrow$  Objects of  $C_\Gamma$

(Khovanov - Seidel)

# Arcs $\rightarrow$ Complexes

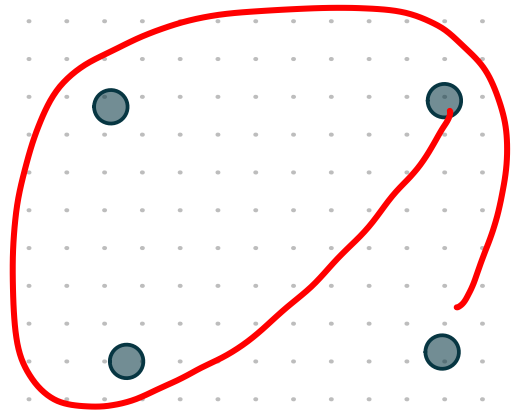


$P_1$



$P_1 \rightarrow P_2$

# Arcs $\rightarrow$ Complexes



$$P_3 \rightarrow P_2 \rightarrow P_1 \rightarrow P_1 \rightarrow P_2$$

Chopping up into  
segments

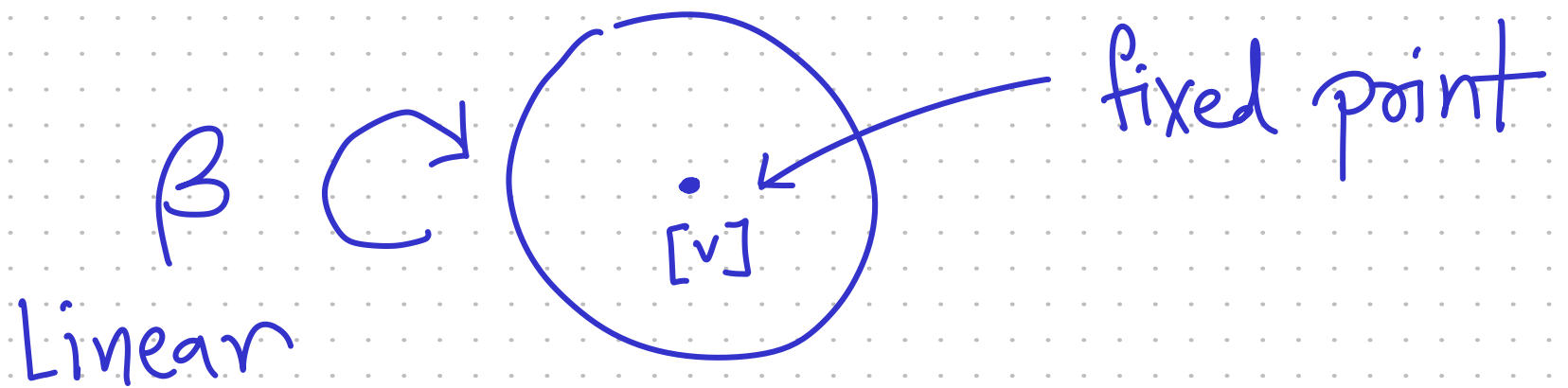


Harder-Narasimhan  
filtration.

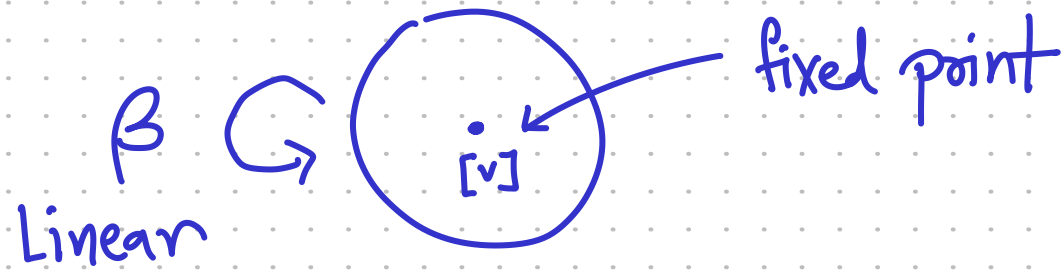
Topological size entropy = Categorical size entropy

# Algebraicity of entropy (expectation)

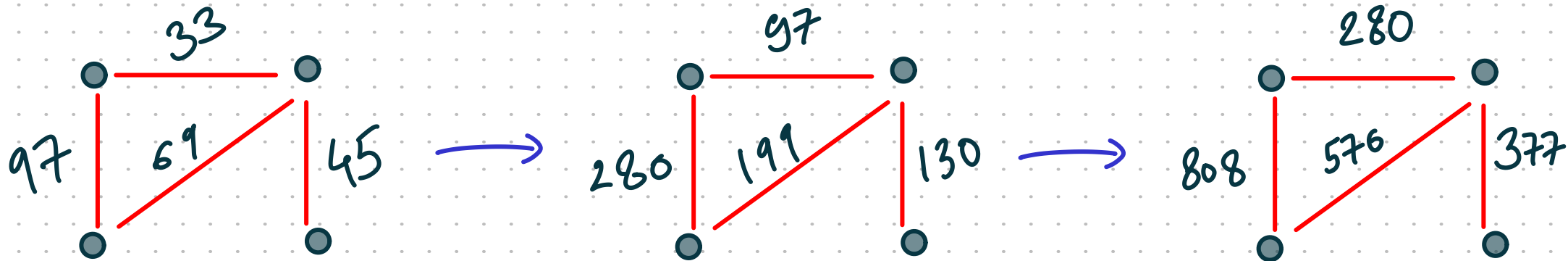
$\beta \in \Sigma$  piecewise linear



# Algebraicity of entropy (expectation)



Example -  $\beta = \sigma_a \sigma_x^\dagger \sigma_c \sigma_b = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$



$$e = \frac{1}{2} \left( \sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2 + 2\sqrt{5}} + 1 \right) \approx 2.9$$

# Dynamics of Categories

$$F : \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$$

How does the HN filtration evolve?



Piecewise linear

Eventually linear

Categorical  
Dynamics /  
Group theory



Geometric  
Dynamics /  
Group theory

Thank you!