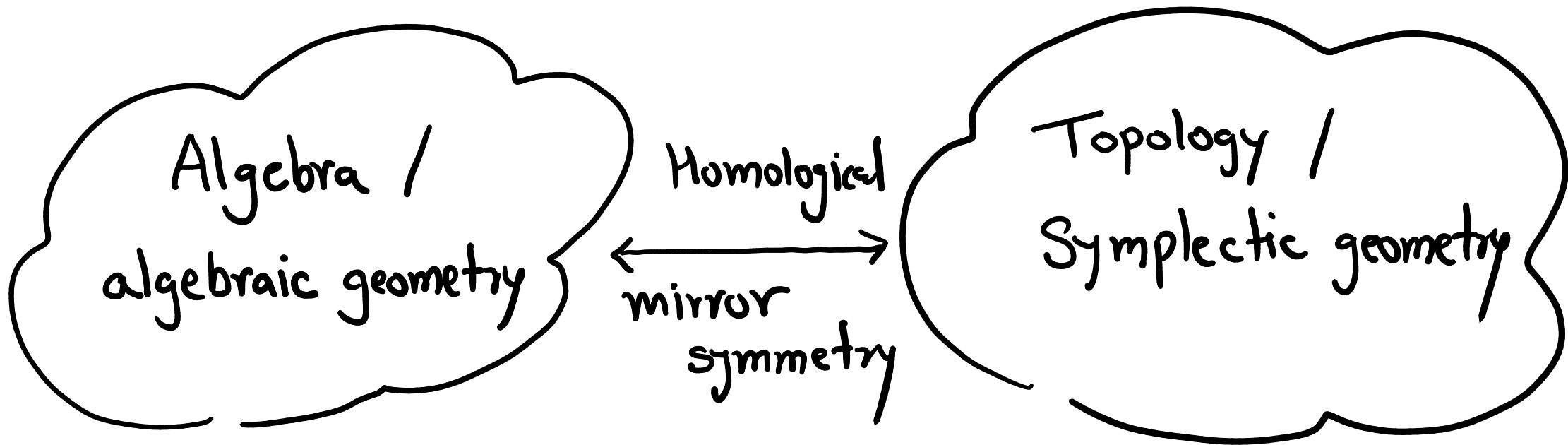


A
THURSTON COMPACTIFICATION
OF THE SPACE OF
STABILITY CONDITIONS

Anand Deopurkar

with Asilata Bapat
Anthony Licata

Guiding Principle -



$D^b \text{Coh}(W)$

\cong

$\text{Fuk}(M)$

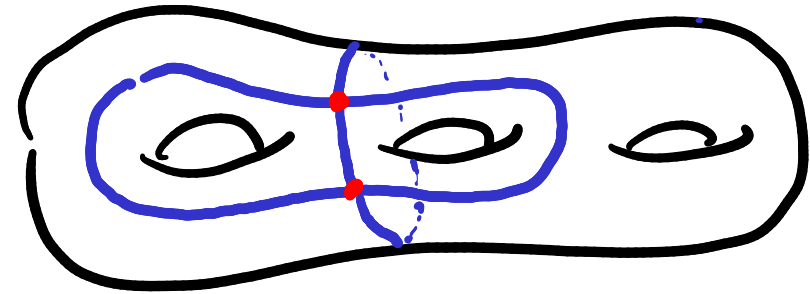
Guiding Principle -

$D^b \text{Coh}(W)$

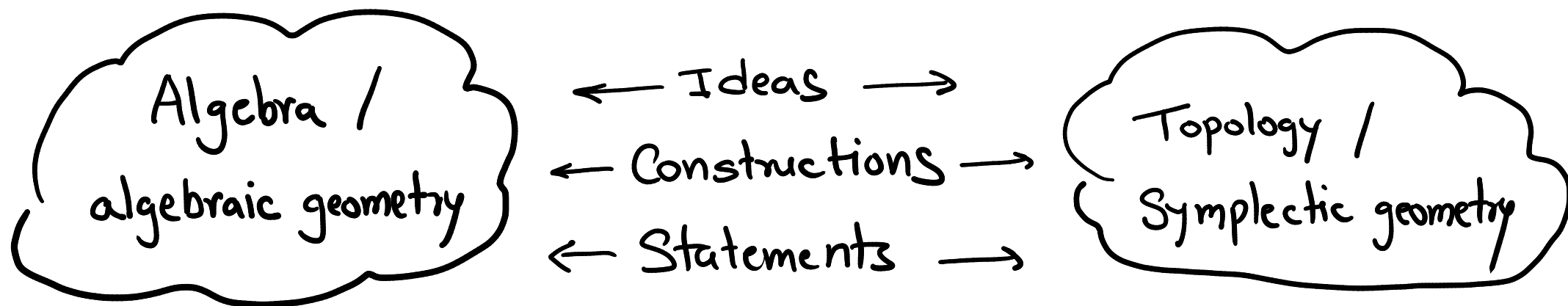


$\text{Fuk}(M)$

Complexes of
Modules / Sheaves



Guiding Principle -

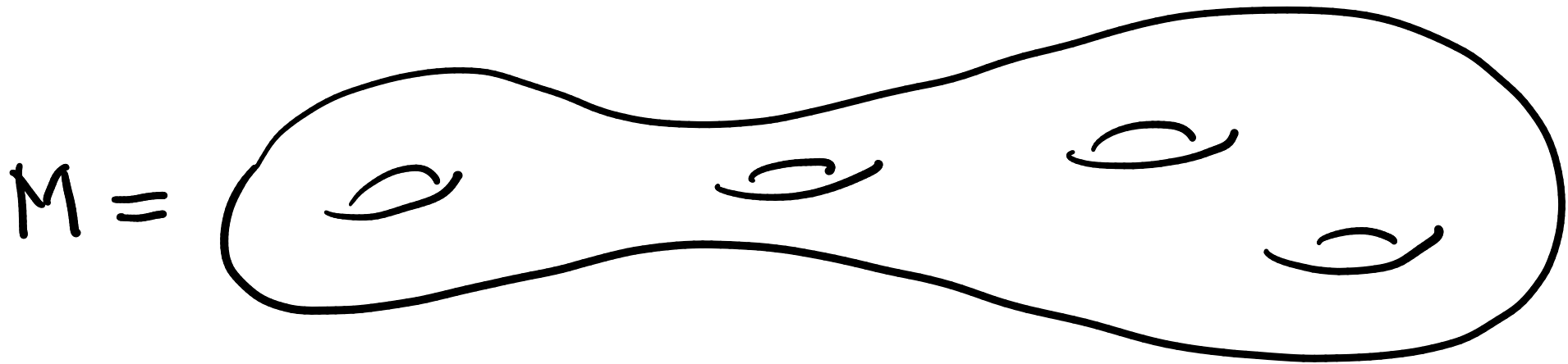


Main Goal -

Construct $\overline{\text{Stab}}(\mathcal{C}) \longleftrightarrow \overline{\text{Teich}}(M)$
(Thurston)

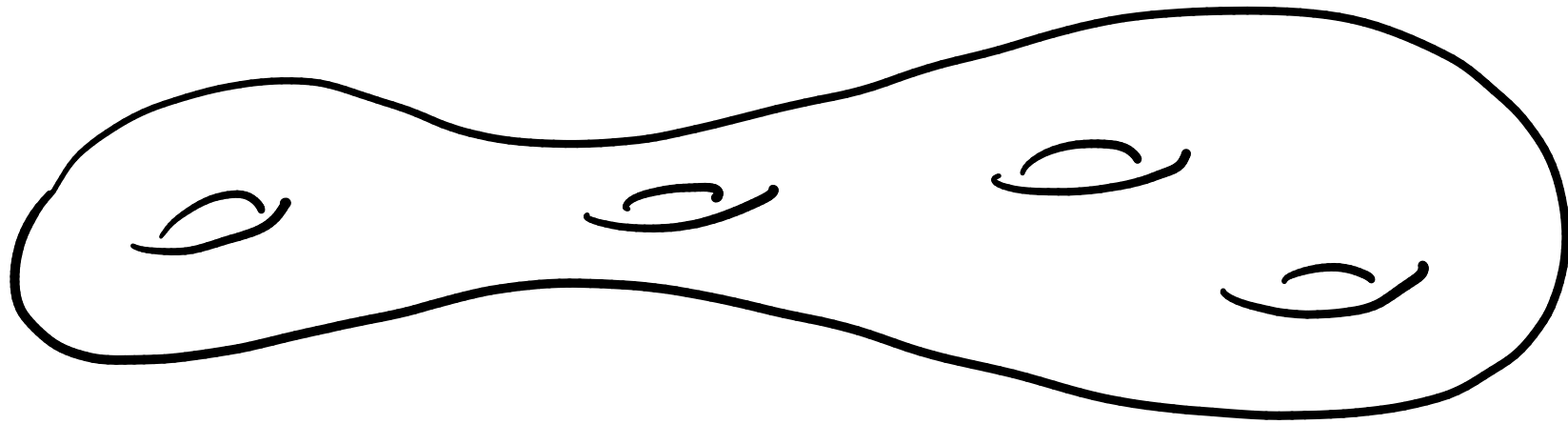
- Plan :
- ① Thurston's construction
 - ② Bridgeland stability conditions
 - ③ Construction of $\overline{\text{Stab}}$

Teich(M) and its compactification



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Teich}(M) &= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Normalised hyperbolic} \\ \text{metrics on } M \end{array} \right\} \\ &\cong \mathbb{R}^{6g-6} \end{aligned}$$

Teich(M) and its compactification

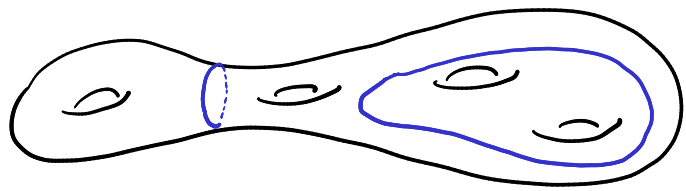


$$\text{Teich}(M) \xrightarrow{\iota} \mathbb{R}P^S$$

$$S = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Simple closed} \\ \text{curves on } M \end{array} \right\} / \text{isotopy}$$

$$M \longmapsto [\dots : \text{Len}_M(\gamma) : \dots]$$

Teich(M) and its compactification



$$\text{Teich}(M) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} \mathbb{R}P^S$$

Theorem (Thurston) :

- 1) \mathcal{L} is a homeo onto its image
- 2) The closure of the image is compact

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \overline{\text{Teich}(M)} & & \mathbb{D}^{6g-6} \\
 \cup & \cong & \cup \\
 \text{Teich}(M) & & \mathbb{D}^{6g-6}
 \end{array}
 \qquad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \text{---} \\
 \cup \\
 \text{---}
 \end{array}$$

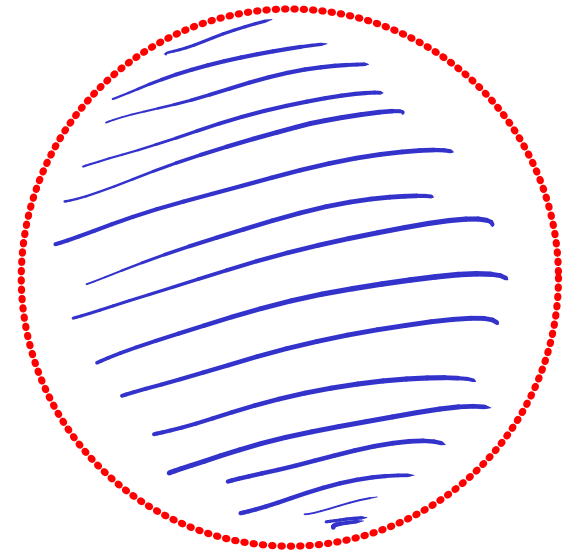
- 4) S itself appears as a dense subset of $\partial \overline{\text{Teich}(M)} \cong S^{6g-7}$

Teich(M) and its compactification

4) S itself appears as a dense subset of $\partial \overline{\text{Teich}(M)} \cong S^{6g-7}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} S & \xrightarrow{i} & \mathbb{R}P^S \\ \delta & \mapsto & [\dots : |\delta\gamma| : \dots] \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} S & \xrightarrow{i} & \mathbb{R}P^S \\ & & \parallel \\ \text{Teich}(M) & \xrightarrow{\iota} & \mathbb{R}P^S \end{array}$$



Bridgeland Stability Conditions

$\mathcal{C} = \mathbb{C}$ -linear triangulated category

Def : A stability condition on \mathcal{C} is

(Z, P)
"Central charge" "Slicing"

satisfying some compatibility conditions.

Bridgeland Stability Conditions

$$\sigma = (\text{Central charge } Z, \text{Slicing } \mathcal{P})$$

$$Z : K(\mathcal{C}) \rightarrow \mathbb{C} \quad (\text{Group hom})$$

Bridgeland Stability Conditions

$\sigma = (\text{Central charge } Z, \text{Slicing } \mathcal{P})$



Recall a t -structure on \mathcal{C} is $A \subset \mathcal{C}$
such that

$$\mathcal{C} = \cdots \bullet \text{---} \bullet \text{---} \bullet \text{---} \bullet \text{---} \bullet \text{---} \cdots$$

$A[2] \quad A[1] \quad A \quad A[-1] \quad A[-2]$

(\mathbb{Z} -indexed decomp)

Bridgeland Stability Conditions

$$\sigma = (\text{Central charge } Z, \text{ slicing } \mathcal{P})$$



For every $\phi \in \mathbb{R}$, a $\mathcal{P}_\phi \subset \mathcal{E}$
such that

$$\mathcal{E} = \left\langle \dots \left[\text{---} \right] \dots \right\rangle$$

$\mathcal{P}(\phi)$ (IR-indexed decomp)

$X \rightsquigarrow 0 = X_0 \rightarrow X_1 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow X_n = X$

Harder-Narasimhan filtration

$Z_1 \swarrow \searrow \dots \swarrow \searrow Z_n$

$\mathcal{P}(\phi_1) \quad \mathcal{P}(\phi_n)$

$(\phi_1 > \dots > \phi_n)$

Bridgeland Stability Conditions

$\sigma = (\text{Central charge } Z, \text{ slicing } \mathcal{P})$

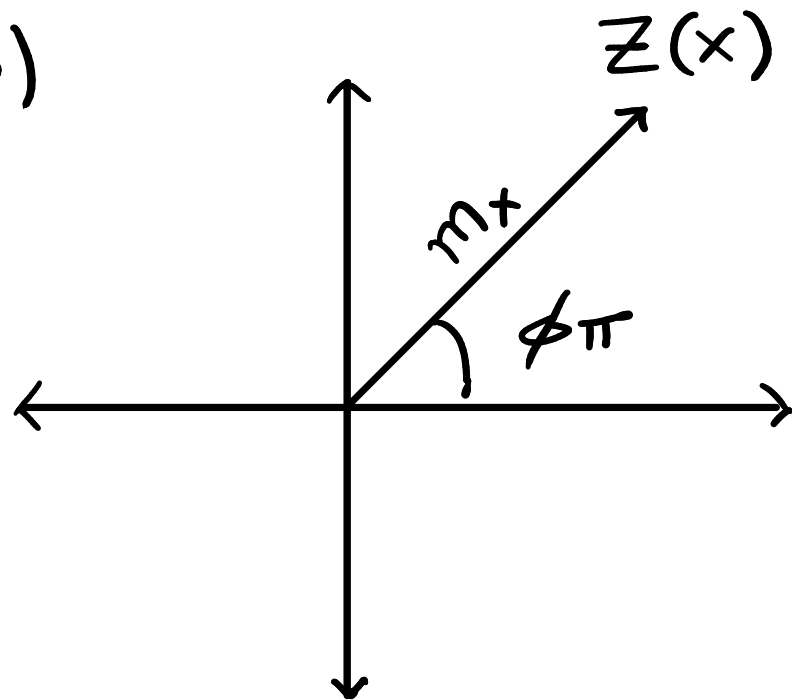
Compatibility: For $X \in \mathcal{P}(\phi)$

$$Z(x) = m_x \cdot e^{\pi i \phi}$$

\downarrow

+ real

"Mass of X wrt σ "

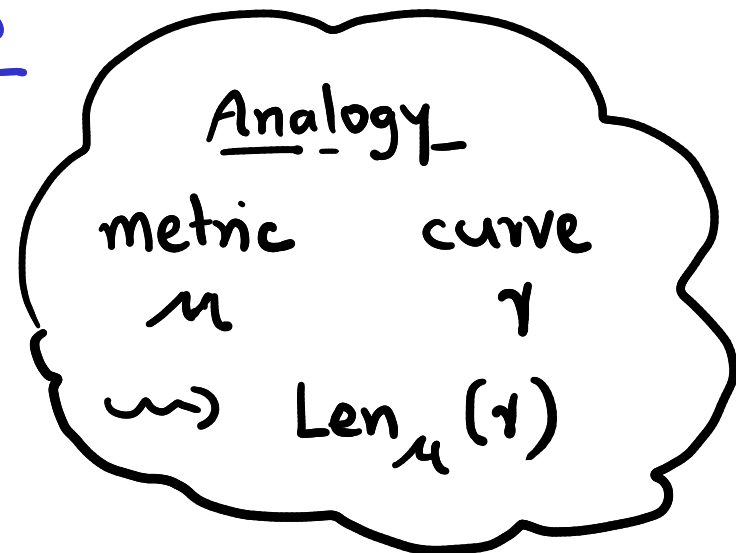


Bridgeland Stability Conditions

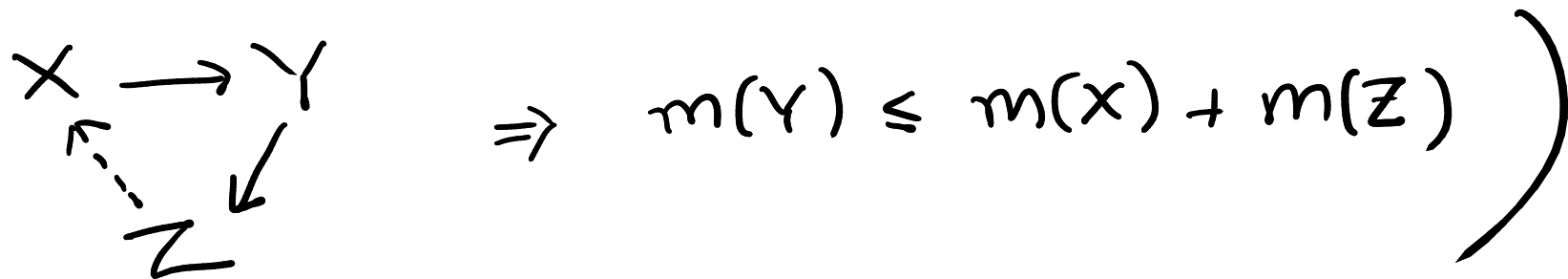
σ Stability condition

$X \in \mathcal{C}$ any object.

Def: $m_\sigma(x) = \sum_{HN} m_\sigma(Z_i)$



(Aside - satisfies "triangle inequality")



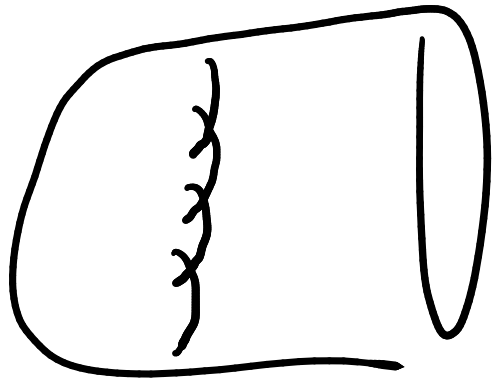
Bridgeland Stability Conditions

Theorem (Bridgeland) $\text{Stab}(\mathcal{C})$ forms a manifold of real dimension $2 \cdot \text{Rank } K(\mathcal{C})$.

(Conjecturally, contractible)

Analogy
 $\text{Teich}(M) \cong \mathbb{R}^{g-6}$

Categories



\widehat{S}

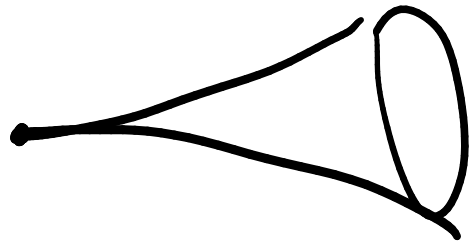
$$\mathcal{C} \subset \mathrm{D}^b \mathrm{Coh}(\widehat{S})$$

\equiv

$$\{ E \mid R\pi_* E = 0 \}$$

$\downarrow \pi$

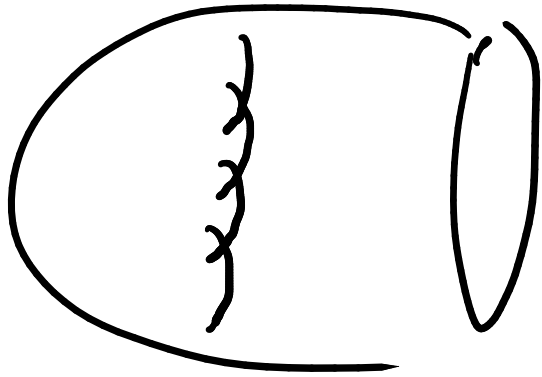
ADE



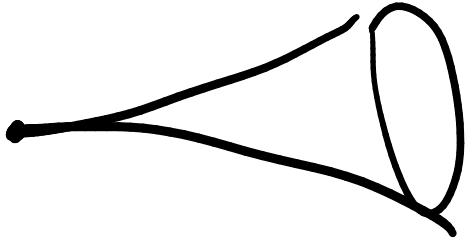
S

\mathcal{C} is a \mathbb{C} -linear, 2CY
triangulated cat.
finite dim homs

Categories



$\downarrow \pi$



$\Gamma = \text{Dual graph of Exc}(\pi)$



$$\mathcal{C} \ni P_i \quad i \in \Gamma$$

$$\parallel$$

$\mathcal{O}(-1)$ on i^{th} comp

\mathcal{C} is generated by P_i

$$\text{Hom}^*(P_i, P_j) = \begin{cases} \mathbb{C} & (\text{deg } 1) \text{ if } i=j \\ 0 & \text{if } i \neq j \end{cases}$$

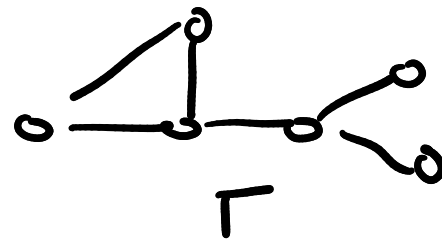
P_i "spherical"

$$= \mathbb{C}[\varepsilon]_{\varepsilon^2} \quad (\text{deg } \varepsilon = 2) \text{ if } i=j$$

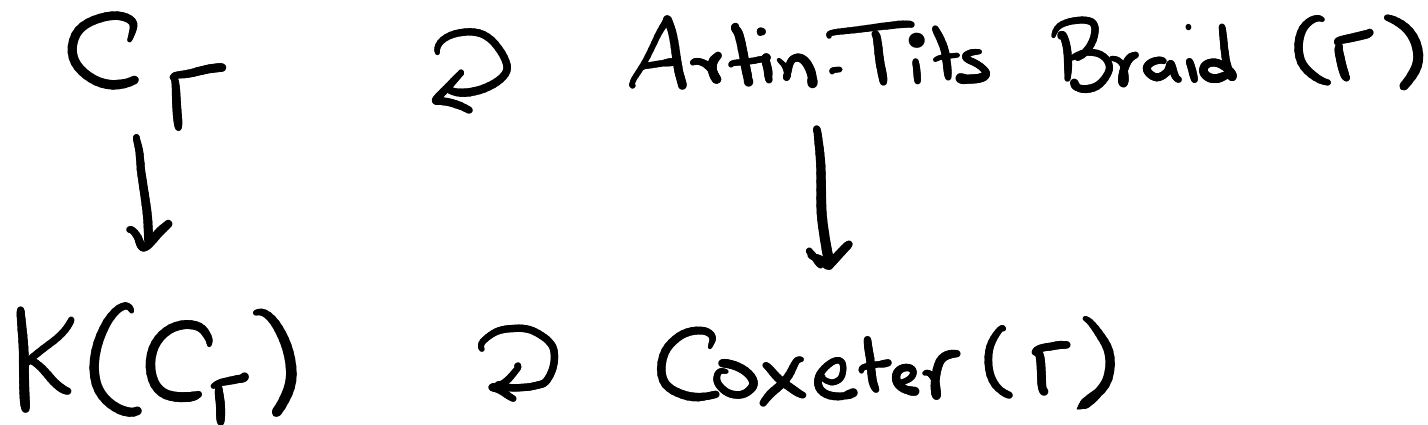
} (*)

Categories

Γ finite simple graph

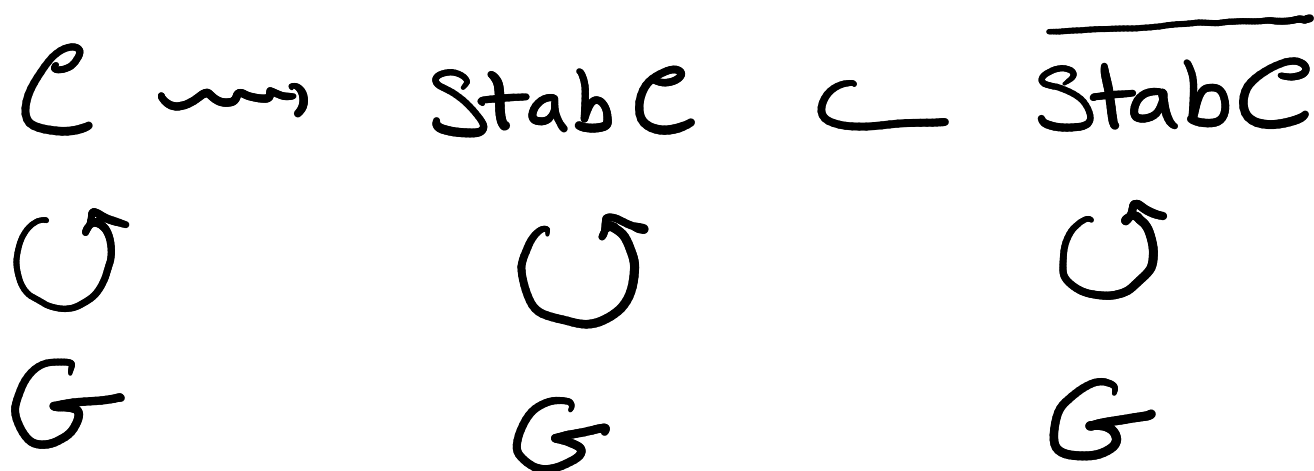


$\rightsquigarrow \mathcal{C}_\Gamma$ \mathbb{C} -linear 2 CY triangulated cat.
generated by $P_i, i \in \Gamma$ satisfying $\textcircled{*}$



Compactifying Stab - Motivation

$\mathcal{C} = \mathbb{C}$ -linear 2-CY finite dim homs
(e.g. \mathcal{C}_Γ or $\mathcal{D}^b \text{Coh } K3$)



Compactifying Stab - Construction

$\mathcal{C} \supset S = \text{Sphericals}$

\mathbb{P} Stab $\xrightarrow{m} \mathbb{R}P^S$

$\sigma \mapsto [\dots : m_\sigma(x) : \dots]$

$S \xrightarrow{i} \mathbb{R}P^S$

$y \mapsto [\dots : \text{hom}(x,y) : \dots]$

Analogy

Teich $\rightarrow \mathbb{R}P^S$
 $\mu \mapsto [L_{\mu}]$
 $S \rightarrow \mathbb{R}P^S$
 $s \mapsto [s_{\mu}]$

Compactifying Stab - Construction

$$P\text{Stab} \xrightarrow{m} \mathbb{R}P^s, \quad S \xrightarrow{i} \mathbb{R}P^s$$

- 1) m is a homeomorphism onto its image.
- 2) Closure of the image is compact manifold with boundary.
- 3) S embeds (via i) as a dense subset of the boundary

$$4) \quad \begin{array}{c} \overline{\text{Im}} \\ \cup \\ \overline{\text{Im}}^{\circ} \end{array} \quad \cong \quad \begin{array}{c} \overline{\text{Disk}} \\ \cup \\ \text{Disk} \end{array}$$

Compactifying Stab - Construction

① - ④ :- Theorems in rank 2 [Bapat, -, Licata]
(A_2 & \hat{A}_1)

:- Work in progress in finite (ADE)
& affine type

:- Conjectures for arbitrary E_r

:- Dream / questions more generally.

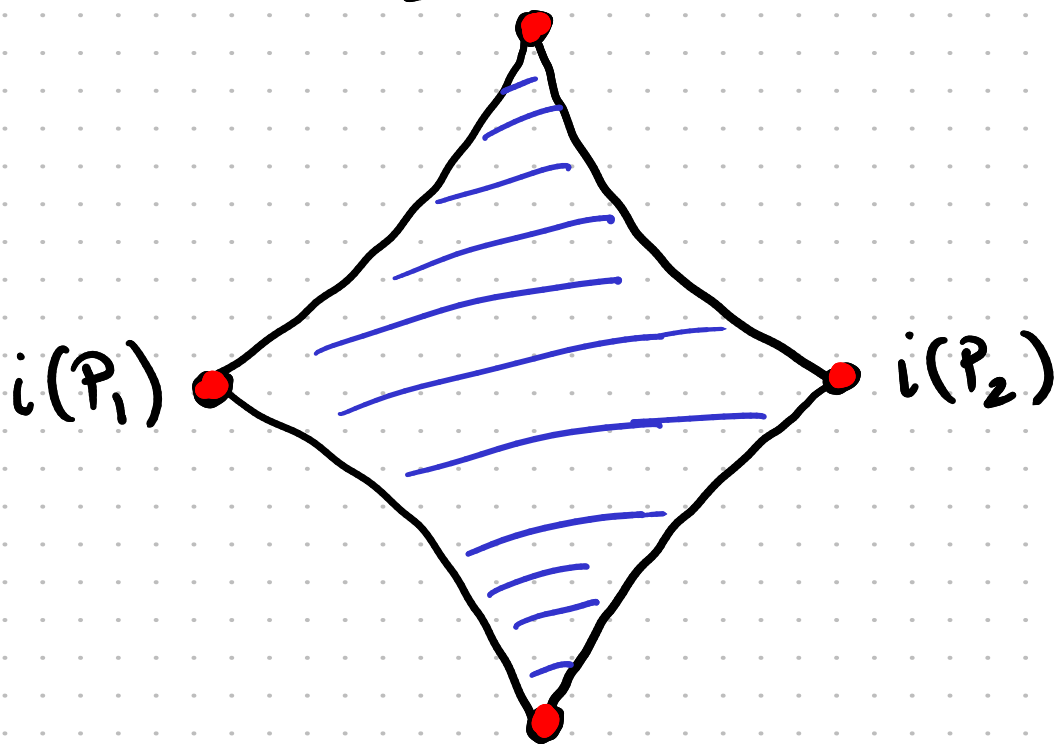
Compactifying Stab - Picture

$$\mathcal{C} = \mathcal{C}(A_2)$$



$$\mathcal{H} = \langle P_1, P_2 \rangle$$

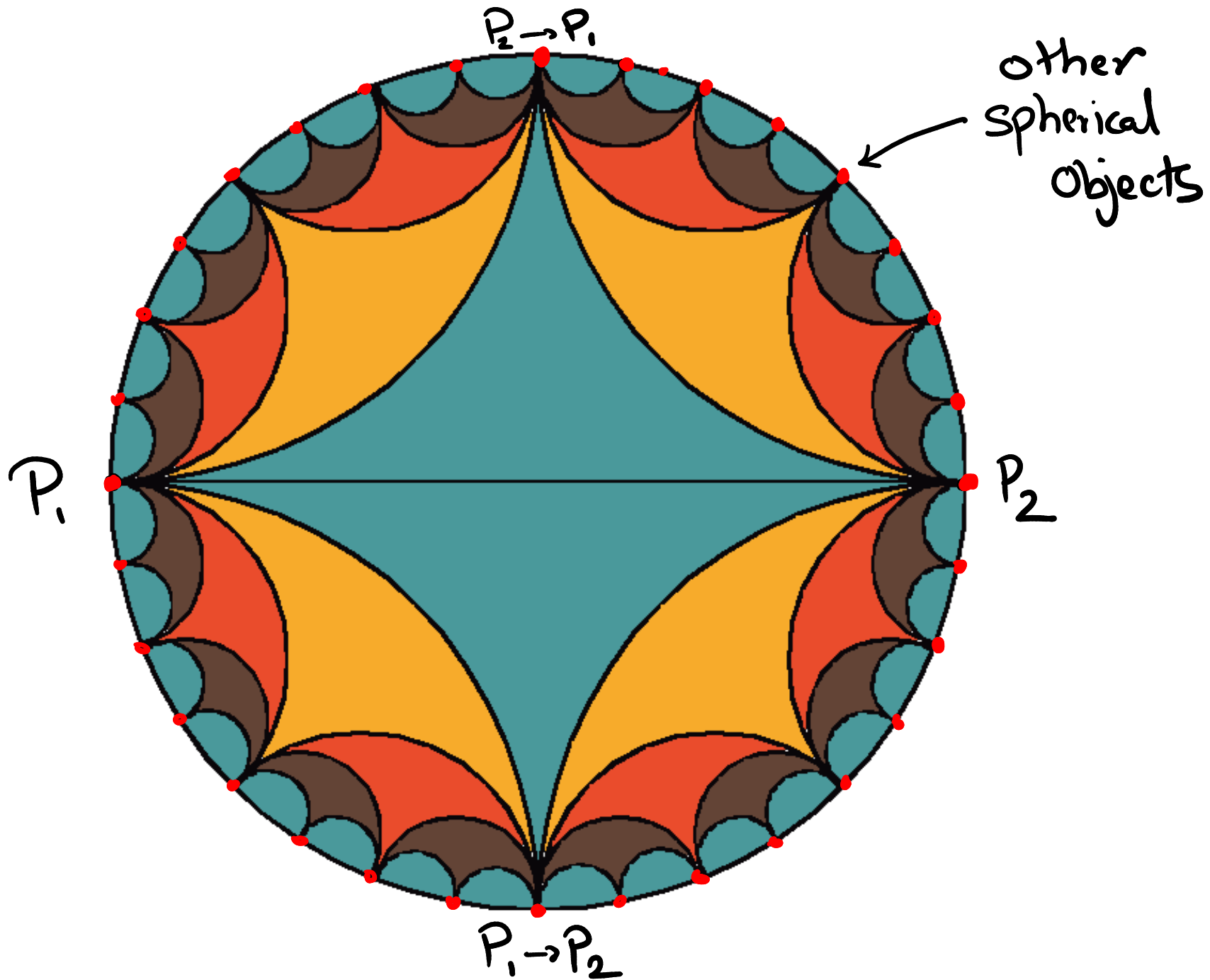
$$i[P_2 \rightarrow P_1[1]]$$



$$\times B_2$$

$$\parallel \text{PSL}_2(\mathbb{Z})$$

Compactifying Stab - Picture



Compactifying Stab

Why is $x \in \overline{\text{PStab}}$

Take $\sigma \in \text{Stab}$

Let $\sigma_1 = T_x^{-1} \sigma$

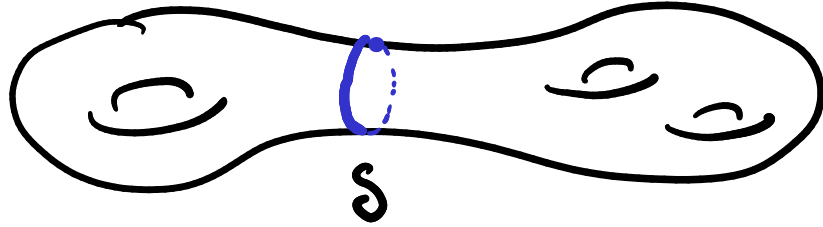
$$Y \rightarrow T_x Y \rightarrow \text{Hom}(Y, X) \otimes X[1]$$

$$m_{\sigma_1}(Y) = m_{\sigma}(T_x Y)$$

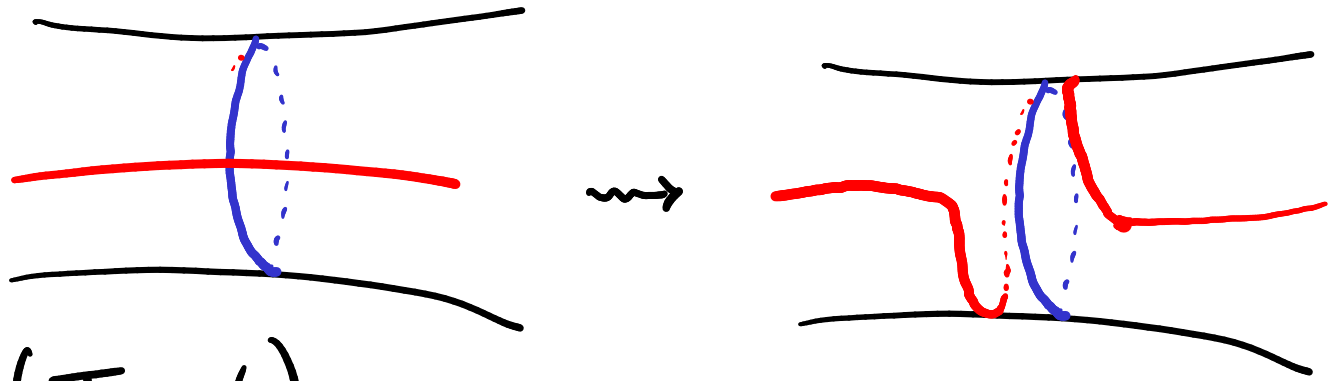
$$\approx m_{\sigma}(Y) + \text{hom}(Y, X) m_{\sigma}(X)$$

Iterate: $m_{\sigma_n}(Y) \approx a + b n \text{hom}(Y, X)$

Why is $\delta \in \overline{\text{Teich}}$



Let $\mu_1 = \text{Tw}_\delta^{-1}(\mu)$



$$\text{Len}_{\mu_1}(\gamma) = \text{Len}_{\mu}(\text{Tw}_\delta \gamma)$$

$$\sim \text{Len}_{\mu}(\gamma) + \text{Len}(\delta) \cdot |\delta \cap \gamma|$$

Iterate:

$$\text{Len}_{\mu_n}(\gamma) \sim a + b \ n \ |\delta \cap \gamma|$$

THANK YOU!